§ 646.430

Department recognizes that basic education and skills development as part of an employment experience will be needed by some recipients in order to achieve the ultimate objective of INA WtW assistance, which is self-sufficiency. Therefore, basic education and vocational skills training where needed, based on an assessment of the recipient's needs, may be provided as a post-employment service where the recipient is employed in either a subsidized or unsubsidized job.

§ 646.430 Are there any time limits on client participation under the INA WtW program?

There are no specific participant time limitations for the INA WtW program. However, grantees should keep in mind the purpose of WtW, which is to provide transitional assistance to hard-to-employ welfare recipients to help them secure lasting, unsubsidized employment.

Subpart E—Tribal Service Areas and Populations

§646.500 We're a TANF/NEW tribe. What is my tribe's service area and/ or population under an INA WtW grant?

NEW tribes will have the same service area and service population as they have under the NEW program. TANF tribes may elect to serve only their own tribal members in their service area, in accordance with their TANF funding.

§646.505 My tribe (or consortium) must qualify for an INA WtW grant under the "substantial services" criteria. How will our service area be determined?

Tribes qualifying for the INA WtW program under the "substantial services" criteria (i.e., not operating their own TANF or NEW programs) may use the service area(s) established for the tribe under the JTPA or BIA Employment Assistance programs. INA WtW grantees funded under the "substantial services" criteria shall ensure that all AFDC/TANF recipients within the service area for which the grantee was designated are afforded an equitable opportunity for INA WtW services, because their funding is predicated on

1990 Census data for all Native Americans residing in their service area, regardless of tribal affiliation. While there is no individual entitlement to INA WtW services, all eligible AFDC/TANF recipients shall be afforded equal consideration in the decision to provide INA WtW services. Service areas differing from those outlined above may be negotiated with the Department of Labor.

§ 646.510 Are there any special service area provisions made for Indians residing in Oklahoma?

Yes. With the exception of the Osage reservation in Oklahoma, service areas will be determined by reference to the "tribal jurisdiction statistical areas" (TJSAs). TJSAs are defined by the Bureau of the Census as being areas, delineated by Federally-recognized tribes in Oklahoma without a reservation, for which the Census Bureau tabulates data. TJSAs represent areas generally containing the American Indian population over which one or more tribal governments have jurisdiction. Service areas for Oklahoma Indian residents differing from those outlined under the TJSAs may also be negotiated with the Department of Labor.

Subpart F—Funding and Spending Requirements

§ 646.600 How will the INA WtW grant funding allotments be determined?

Funds will be allotted to INA WtW grantees on a formula basis. To determine the FY 1998 allotments, poverty data from the 1990 Decennial Census will be used to determine the "split" between TANF/NEW tribes and all other tribes. The percentage of the annual appropriation reserved for TANF and NEW tribes will then be allocated using 1995 AFDC counts previously published by DHHS. For FY 1999, a single funding formula will be employed utilizing AFDC/TANF counts.

§ 646.605 What spending limitations are imposed on the INA WtW program?

No less than seventy percent (70%) of INA WtW funds must be spent directly on assistance for the benefit of TANF